

For Research Use Only

# CoraLite®594-conjugated SNAP25 Monoclonal antibody



Catalog Number:CL594-60159

## Basic Information

|  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| <b>Catalog Number:</b><br>CL594-60159      | <b>GenBank Accession Number:</b><br>BC010647                   | <b>Purification Method:</b><br>Protein A purification                 |
| <b>Size:</b><br>2000 µg/ml                 | <b>GeneID (NCBI):</b><br>6616                                  | <b>CloneNo.:</b><br>3E4B7   |
| <b>Source:</b><br>Mouse                    | <b>UNIPROT ID:</b><br>P60880                                   | <b>Recommended Dilutions:</b><br>WB 1:500-1:1000<br>IF 1:50-1:500     |
| <b>Isotype:</b><br>IgG2b                   | <b>Full Name:</b><br>synaptosomal-associated protein,<br>25kDa | <b>Excitation/Emission maxima<br/>wavelengths:</b><br>588 nm / 604 nm |
| <b>Immunogen Catalog Number:</b><br>AG6695 | <b>Calculated MW:</b><br>23 kDa                                |   |
|  | <b>Observed MW:</b><br>25 kDa                                  |   |

## Applications

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Tested Applications:</b><br>IF/ICC, WB             | <b>Positive Controls:</b>                                   |
| <b>Species Specificity:</b><br>human, mouse, rat, pig | <b>WB :</b> mouse brain tissue,<br><b>IF :</b> PC-12 cells, |

## Background Information

The synaptosomal associated protein of 25 kD (SNAP-25) was first identified as a major synaptic protein by Wilson and colleagues. The protein interacts with syntaxin and synaptobrevin through its N-terminal and C-terminal -helical domains. Its palmitoylation domain is located in the middle of the molecule that contains four cysteine residues. Mutation of the cysteines abolishes palmitoylation and membrane binding. Several elegant studies using synaptosome preparations and permeabilized PC12 cells have suggested that SNAP-25 may act in the late post-docking steps of exocytosis. By limited proteolysis and in vitro binding assay, it is proposed that the two helix domains act independently and contribute equally to form the SNARE complex with syntaxin and synaptobrevin. It seems that a major regulatory element is located in the C-terminus of SNAP-25. Removing a 9 amino acid sequence of SNAP-25 inhibited neurosecretion in chromaffin cells. In addition, it has been shown that inhibition of neurosecretion by botulinum toxin E can be rescued by a SNAP-25 C-terminal peptide, probably by initiating the formation of a fusion competent SNARE complex.

## Storage

**Storage:**  
Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to light. Stable for one year after shipment.  
**Storage Buffer:**  
PBS with 50% Glycerol, 0.05% Proclin300, 0.5% BSA, pH 7.3.  
**Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage**

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:

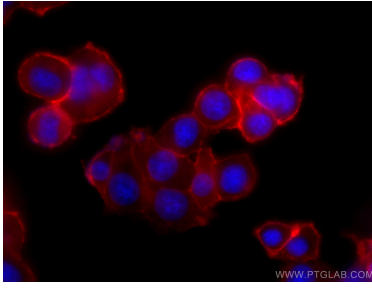
T: 4006900926

E: [Proteintech-CN@ptglab.com](mailto:Proteintech-CN@ptglab.com)

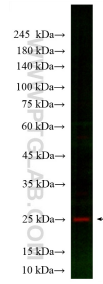
W: [ptgcn.com](http://ptgcn.com)

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## Selected Validation Data



Immunofluorescent analysis of (-20°C Ethanol) fixed PC-12 cells using CL594-60159 (SNAP25 antibody) at dilution of 1:100.



mouse brain tissue were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with CL594-60159 (SNAP25 antibody) at dilution of 1:500 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.