For Research Use Only

## PGAM2 Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number:15550-1-AP 8 Publications

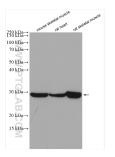


Basic Information	Catalog Number: 15550-1-AP	GenBank Accession Number: BC001904	Purification Method: Antigen affinity purification	
	Size: 300 µg/ml	GenelD (NCBI): 5224	Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:1000-1:6000	
	Source: Rabbit	UNIPROT ID: P15259	IHC 1:50-1:500	
	lsotype: IgG			
	Immunogen Catalog Number: AG7908	Calculated MW: 29 kDa		
		Observed MW: 29 kDa		
Applications	Tested Applications:	Positive Controls:		
	IHC, WB, ELISA Cited Applications: WB, IP, IF, IHC		ouse heart tissue, HeLa cells, mouse skeletal tissue, rat heart tisssue, rat skeletal muscle	
	Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat		uman breast cancer tissue, mouse skeletal e tissue, mouse heart tissue, mouse brain tissu	
	Cited Species: human, mouse, pig			
	Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0			
	Phosphoglycerate mutase (PGAM), an important enzyme in the glycolytic pathway, catalyzes the transfer of a phosphate group between the 2 and the 3 positions of glyceric acid. The muscle-specific isoform (type M, PGAM2) o phosphoglycerate mutase (PGAM) is a housekeeping enzyme and it catalyzes the conversion of 3-phosphoglycerate into 2-phosphoglycerate in the glycolysis process to release energy. It is encoded by the Pgam2 gene. In addition, i is demonstrated that PGAM2 locates both in cytoplasm and nuclei, and takes part in the glycometabolism process c cytoplasm and nuclei(PMID: 18499067). Defects in PGAM2 are the cause of glycogen storage disease type 10 (GSD10). This antibody may also recognize PGAM1 and PGAM4 due to the high homology.			
Background Information	phosphate group between the 2 ar phosphoglycerate mutase (PGAM) into 2-phosphoglycerate in the glu is demonstrated that PGAM2 locat cytoplasm and nuclei(PMID: 1849	nd the 3 positions of glyceric acid. is a housekeeping enzyme and it rcolysis process to release energy. es both in cytoplasm and nuclei, a 9067). Defects in PGAM2 are the ca	The muscle-specific isoform (type M, PGAM2) catalyzes the conversion of 3-phosphoglycera It is encoded by the Pgam2 gene. In addition, nd takes part in the glycometabolism process use of glycogen storage disease type 10	
	phosphate group between the 2 ar phosphoglycerate mutase (PGAM) into 2-phosphoglycerate in the glu is demonstrated that PGAM2 locat cytoplasm and nuclei(PMID: 1849 (GSD10). This antibody may also	nd the 3 positions of glyceric acid. is a housekeeping enzyme and it vcolysis process to release energy. es both in cytoplasm and nuclei, a 2067). Defects in PGAM2 are the ca ecognize PGAM1 and PGAM4 due t	The muscle-specific isoform (type M, PGAM2) catalyzes the conversion of 3-phosphoglycera It is encoded by the Pgam2 gene. In addition, nd takes part in the glycometabolism process use of glycogen storage disease type 10 o the high homology.	
	phosphate group between the 2 ar phosphoglycerate mutase (PGAM) into 2-phosphoglycerate in the glu is demonstrated that PGAM2 locat cytoplasm and nuclei(PMID: 1849 (GSD10). This antibody may also r Author	ad the 3 positions of glyceric acid. is a housekeeping enzyme and it vcolysis process to release energy. es both in cytoplasm and nuclei, a 9067). Defects in PGAM2 are the ca ecognize PGAM1 and PGAM4 due to Pubmed ID Journal	The muscle-specific isoform (type M, PGAM2) catalyzes the conversion of 3-phosphoglycera It is encoded by the Pgam2 gene. In addition, nd takes part in the glycometabolism process use of glycogen storage disease type 10	
	phosphate group between the 2 ar phosphoglycerate mutase (PGAM) into 2-phosphoglycerate in the glu is demonstrated that PGAM2 locat cytoplasm and nuclei(PMID: 1849 (GSD10). This antibody may also	nd the 3 positions of glyceric acid. is a housekeeping enzyme and it vcolysis process to release energy. es both in cytoplasm and nuclei, a 2067). Defects in PGAM2 are the ca ecognize PGAM1 and PGAM4 due t	The muscle-specific isoform (type M, PGAM2) catalyzes the conversion of 3-phosphoglycera It is encoded by the Pgam2 gene. In addition, nd takes part in the glycometabolism process use of glycogen storage disease type 10 o the high homology. Application	
Background Information	phosphate group between the 2 ar phosphoglycerate mutase (PGAM) into 2-phosphoglycerate in the gly is demonstrated that PGAM2 locat cytoplasm and nuclei(PMID: 1849 (GSD10). This antibody may also r Author Liangliang Fu	ad the 3 positions of glyceric acid. is a housekeeping enzyme and it vcolysis process to release energy. es both in cytoplasm and nuclei, a 9067). Defects in PGAM2 are the ca ecognize PGAM1 and PGAM4 due to Pubmed ID Journal 28345649 Sci Rep	The muscle-specific isoform (type M, PGAM2) catalyzes the conversion of 3-phosphoglycera It is encoded by the Pgam2 gene. In addition, nd takes part in the glycometabolism process use of glycogen storage disease type 10 o the high homology. Application WB	

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:T: 4006900926E: Proteintech-CN@ptglab.comW: ptgcn.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

## Selected Validation Data





Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 15550-1-AP (PGAM2 antibody) at dilution of 1:3000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human breast cancer tissue slide using 15550-1-AP (PGAM2 antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).