For Research Use Only

ABL1 Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number:32207-1-AP



Basic Information

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NM_005157 GeneID (NCBI):

Source: UNIPROT ID: Rabbit P00519
Isotype: Full Name:

IgG c-abl oncogene 1, receptor tyrosine

Immunogen Catalog Number: kinase

AG26145 Calculated MW:

123 kDa Observed MW: 120-130 kDa

GenBank Accession Number:

Applications

Tested Applications: WB, ELISA

Species Specificity:

human

Size: 230 ug/ml

Positive Controls:

WB: HEK-293T cells, HeLa cells, Jurkat cells, LNCaP

Purification Method:

WB 1:1000-1:4000

Antigen affinity Purification

Recommended Dilutions:

cells

Background Information

ABL1, also named as ABL, JTK7, c-ABL and p150, belongs to the protein kinase superfamily, Tyr protein kinase family and ABL subfamily. ABL1 regulates cytoskeleton remodeling during cell differentiation, cell division and cell adhesion. ABL1 localizes to dynamic actin structures, and phosphorylates CRK and CRKL, DOK1, and other proteins controlling cytoskeleton dynamics. It regulates DNA repair potentially by activating the proapoptotic pathway when the DNA damage is too severe to be repaired. ABL1 catalyze the reaction: ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate. A chromosomal aberration involving ABL1 is a cause of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) [MIM:608232]. Translocation t(9:22)(q34;q11) with BCR. The translocation produces a BCR-ABL found also in acute myeloid leukemia (AML) and acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).

Storage

Storage:

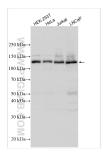
Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

Storage Buffer:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

Selected Validation Data



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 32207-1-AP (ABL1 antibody) at dilution of 1:2000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.