For Research Use Only

acetylated Tubulin(Lys40) Monoclonal antibody, PBS Only



Catalog Number: 66200-1-PBS

Basic Information

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Size: 1 mg/ml Source: Mouse

Isotype:

NM_006009 GeneID (NCBI): 7846 UNIPROT ID: Q71U36

GenBank Accession Number:

Full Name: tubulin, alpha 1a Calculated MW: 52 kDa Observed MW: 50-55 kDa Purification Method: Protein G purification

CloneNo.: 7E5H8

Applications

Tested Applications:

WB,Indirect ELISA,IHC,IF,ELISA

Species Specificity:

human, mouse, rat, Canine, pig

Background Information

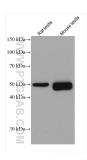
Tubulin, composed of heterodimers of alpha and beta tubulin, is the mainly component of microtubules which play important roles in cell motility, mitosis, and intracellular vesicle transport. Both alpha and beta tubulin undergo several posttranslational modifications such as polyglutamylation and acetylation/deacetylation. Tubulin acetylation occurs on lysine-40 at the N-terminal of alpha tubulin and is conserved across species. The histone deacetylase HDAC6 and SIRT2 has been identified as tubulin deacetylases. Reversible acetylation of alpha tubulin may be implicated in regulating microtubule stability, cell motility, and axon regeneration. The level of acetylated tubulin has been linked to epithelial malignancies and sensitivity to chemotherapy. In addition, acetylated tubulin has been widely used as a marker for primary cilia. This antibody is specific to the acetylated tubulin; it does not recognize non-acetylated tubulin. (24268707, 23881549)

Storage

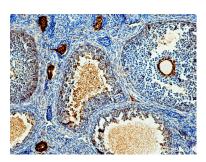
Storage: Store at -80°C.

Storage Buffer: PBS Only

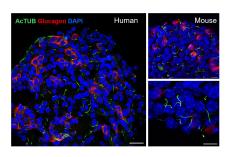
Selected Validation Data



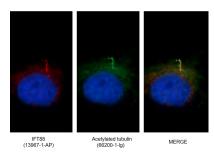
Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 66200-1-lg (acetylated Tubulin(Lys40) antibody) at dilution of 1:5000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66200-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



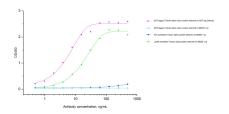
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded mouse ovary tissue slide using 66200-1-Ig (acetylated Tubulin(Lys40) antibody) at dilution of 1:2000 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66200-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



(left) Confocal image of a single-plane cross-section of a healthy human islet, showing primary cilia on both alpha cells (glucagon, red) and non-alpha cells (non-red). Acetylated alpha tubulin, cilia (green, Cat. No 66200-1-lg, 1:400), nuclei (blue), scale 20 μm. (right) Primary cilia in wildtype B6 mouse islets: acetylated alpha tubulin (green, Cat. No 66200-1-lg, 1:400), glucagon (red), nuclei (blue), single-plane images, scales 10 μm. (Fig from Dr. Jing Hughes) This data was



Immunofluorescent images of MDCK cells stained for IFT88 rabbit pAb (13967-1-AP) and acetylated tubulin mouse mAb (66200-1-Ig) at dilution of 1:50, further stained with Alexa Fluor 594-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) for 13967-1-AP, and Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) for 66200-1-Ig. This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66200-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



Specificity validation by indirect ELISA.
Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating
E.coli expressed GST-tagged Tubulin alpha
(70 ng/well), non-acetylated Tubulin alpha,
and Lys40 acetylated Tubulin alpha (with
excessive amount) followed by blocking and
adding serial diluted GST tag primary
antibody (Cat.NO. 66001-2-lg) and Acetylated
Tubuliln antibody 66200-1-lg respectively.
HRP-Goat anti-mouse secondary antibody was
used for detection. Signal was developed with