For Research Use Only

FITC Plus Anti-Human BTLA/CD272 Rabbit Recombinant Antibody

Catalog Number: FITC-98096



Basic Information

Catalog Number: FITC-98096

Concentration: 100tests, 5 ul/test

Source: Rabbit Isotype:

IgG

UNIPROT ID: Q7Z6A9

GenBank Accession Number:

Full Name: B and T lymphocyte associated

BC107091

151888

GeneID (NCBI):

Calculated MW:

289 aa, 33 kDa

Purification Method:

Protein A purification

CloneNo.: 241318H5

Excitation/Emission maxima

wavelengths: 495 nm / 524 nm

Applications

Tested Applications:

FC

Species Specificity:

human

Background Information

BTLA (B and T lymphocyte attenuator), also known as CD272, is a member of the CD28 superfamily and is a type I membrane glycoprotein identified as an inhibitory receptor (PMID: 33859648). BTLA is extensively expressed in lymph nodes, thymus, and spleen, with little or no expression in organs such as the heart, kidney, brain, and liver (PMID: 33859648). Among immune cells, BTLA is primarily expressed in B and T cells, with higher expression in B cells compared to T cells in the mouse spleen (PMID: 33859648). BTLA plays a crucial role in regulating stimulatory and inhibitory signals in immune responses.

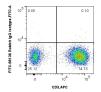
Storage

Storage

Store at 2-8°C. Avoid exposure to light. Stable for one year after shipment. Storage Ruffer

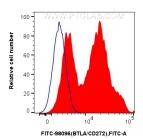
PBS with 0.09% sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.

Selected Validation Data





1x10^6 human PBMCs were surface stained with APC Anti-Human CD3 (OKT3) Mouse IgG2a Recombinant Antibody (APC-65569, Clone: OKT3), and 5 ul FITC Plus Anti-Human BTLA/CD272 Rabbit RecAb (FITC-98096, Clone: 241318H5) or FITC Plus Rabbit IgG Isotype Control RecAb (FITC-98136, Clone: 240953C9). Cells were incubated with FC Receptor Block prior to staining. Cells were not fixed. Lymphocytes were gated.



1x10^6 human PBMCs were surface stained with 5 ul FITC Plus Anti-Human BTLA/CD272 Rabbit RecAb (FITC-98096, Clone:241318H5) (red) or FITC Plus Rabbit 1gG Isotype Control RecAb (FITC-98136, Clone: 240953C9) (blue). Cells were incubated with FC Receptor Block prior to staining. Cells were not fixed. Lymphocytes were gated.